

#### **FACULTY OF HUMANITIES AND SOCIAL SCIENCES**

#### SCHOOL OF HISTORY, PHILOSOPHY, POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

# POLITICAL SCIENCE AND INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS PROGRAMME INTP 360

Special Topic: Politics and Development in Southeast Asia

# TRIMESTER 2 2012 16 July to 17 November 2012

**Trimester dates** 

Teaching dates: 16 July to 19 October 2012 Mid-trimester break: 27 August to 9 September 2012

Study week: 22–26 October 2012

Examination/Assessment Period: 26 October to 17 November 2012

**Note:** Students who enrol in courses with examinations must be able to attend an examination at

the University at any time during the scheduled examination period above.

#### Withdrawal dates

Information on withdrawals and refunds may be found at <a href="http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/admisenrol/payments/withdrawlsrefunds.aspx">http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/admisenrol/payments/withdrawlsrefunds.aspx</a>

#### Names and contact details

Course Coordinator: Ben Thirkell-White Room No.: Murphy (MY) 533

Phone: 463 5792

Email: ben.thirkell-white@vuw.ac.nz

Office hours: tba

## **Class times and locations**

Can be found on the Victoria website at:

http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/subjects/coursecatalogue.aspx

It is advisable to check the above for any changes to the timetable programme.

Lecture Time: Tuesday 2.10 – 4.00 pm Lecture Venue: Maclaurin (MC) LT103

#### **Teaching learning summary**

In keeping with normal practice in PSIR, the course is taught as a weekly two-hour session. The first fifty minutes will involve inclusive class discussion based on the previous weeks' lecture and assigned readings. The second fifty minutes take the form of an interactive lecture to introduce new material for the following week. The reading material assigned to students is deliberately challenging and at the cutting edge of the field of Southeast Asian political economy. Expectations of individual study are high, so contact hours are relatively limited to avoid spoon-feeding students.

#### Communication of additional information

This course uses Blackboard and presumes that all enrolled students have valid myvuw.ac.nz addresses. Please check that this account is active and you have organised email forwarding. Additional information and any changes to the timetable or lecture and tutorial/seminar programme will be advised by email, announced in lectures, and posted on the INTP 360 Blackboard site.

#### **Course prescription**

This course explores changing patterns of political and economic management in Southeast Asia. The starting point is debate about an 'Asian development model'. The course pulls apart and critically examines aspects of this model through country based case-studies on authoritarianism, democracy and development; growth and equity; corruption and development; poverty policy and the role of political Islam. Country coverage includes Malaysia, Indonesia, Thailand and Vietnam.

#### **Learning objectives**

Students who pass this course will:

- 1. Have a sophisticated understanding of the politics and economic policies of the Southeast Asian region in general and of Indonesia, Thailand, Vietnam and Malaysia in particular
- 2. Understand cutting-edge contemporary theoretical debates about the role of the state in economic development and about the interaction between political organisation and economic policy
- 3. Acquire skills in the analysis and evaluation of economic and development policy
- 4. Acquire skills in formulating research questions and carrying out empirical research sufficient to write a sophisticated 3000 word essay on a student-selected topic

#### **Graduate attributes**

As with all Political Science and International Relations courses, learning objectives of this course contribute to the attainment of specific attributes in the areas of logical and critical thinking, conceptual analysis and rational and ethical decision-making. For more details please consult our website <a href="http://www.victoria.ac.nz/hppi/about/overview-of-the-school/psir-overview#grad-attributes">http://www.victoria.ac.nz/hppi/about/overview-of-the-school/psir-overview#grad-attributes</a>

#### **Expected workload**

In accordance with Faculty Guidelines, this course has been constructed on the assumption that students will devote 200 hours to INTP 360 throughout the trimester. This includes weekly attendance at lectures, and tutorial/seminars, completion of all set weekly readings and research and writing for set assessment tasks.

#### **Group work**

There is no assessed group work for this course.

#### Readings

#### Set texts:

Essential texts for this course will all be available through Blackboard or the library ereserve. They are listed under 'compulsory reading' for each week

Students wanting a textbook to help with the course should purchase Garry Rodan, Kevin Hewison and Richard Robison (Eds) *The Political Economy of South-East Asia: Markets, power and contestation* 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Melbourne: Oxford University Press, 200

#### Recommended reading:

Specific recommended readings are listed underneath the topics for each week.

Other good general books on some of the topics discussed on the course include;

**Garry Rodan, Kevin Hewison and Richard Robison** (Eds) *The Political Economy of South-East Asia: Markets, power and contestation* 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Melbourne: Oxford University Press, 2006

**Beeson, M** (ed) (2004) *Contemporary Southeast Asia: Regional Dynamics, National Differences* Basingstoke: Palgrave

**Linda Low** (Ed) *Developmental States : relevancy, redundancy or reconfiguration?* New York : Nova Science Publishers, Inc., 2004

For recent information on the case study countries and the Southeast Asian region more broadly see the *Southeast Asian Affairs* series. These can be accessed in electronic form via the library. Just type 'Southeast Asian Affairs' into the library search and follow the link to 'Academic Search Premier'.

Those of you interested in my own views on some of the issues covered by the course can find them in **Thirkell-White**, **B** (2005) *The IMF and the politics of financial globalization: from the Asian crisis to a new international financial architecture?* Basingstoke, Palgrave. However, it's a hardback for NZ\$230 so you might do better to read it in the library

## **Assessment requirements**

- Short fifty-minute in-class test in week six 20%
   The test will demonstrate Course Learning Objective 2
- Research essay (3000 words) 40% DUE SEPTEMBER 24th
   The research essay will demonstrate Course Learning Objectives 1, 3 and 4
- Three hour examination 40%
   The examination will demonstrate Course Learning Objectives 1, 2 and 3, and will be held during the examination period: 26 October –17 November 2012. The date and location of the examination will be announced when the timetable becomes available, typically halfway through the trimester.

## Essay

Essays are designed to provide students with an opportunity to write a sustained argument, demonstrating in-depth understanding of one of the topics in the second part of the course. Essay questions are listed at the end of this course outline.

Essays should be no more than 3000 words long (including footnotes but not bibliography) and follow all scholarly conventions, especially those relating to citations (please see the programme essay guide for details).

Essay questions are listed at the end of this course outline

# Essays are due by 5pm on the 24<sup>th</sup> September.

#### **Submission of Work**

All written work must be typewritten and submitted in **hardcopy**, with the Programme's Declaration Form signed and attached. The Declaration Form (PSIR Assignment Coversheet) is available from the department's main office. Essays should be placed in Dr Thirkell-White's essay box next to the office, 5<sup>th</sup> Floor Murphy.

The Programme's policy requires that students also submit an **electronic copy** along with the hardcopy. Electronic copies should be uploaded to Blackboard (click on the 'upload assignment' link on the course resources page).

The course expects students to submit their assignments on time. Requests for **extensions** should be made with the lecturer in person with proper documentation *before* the due date. Extensions are normally given only to those with a medical certificate, or other evidence of forces beyond your control.

#### **Penalties**

Students will be penalised for late submission of essays – a deduction of 5% for the first day late, and 2% per day thereafter, up to a maximum of 8 days. Work that is more than 8 days late can be accepted for mandatory course requirements but will not be marked. However, penalties may be waived if there are valid grounds (for example, illness [presentation of a medical certificate will be necessary] or similar other contingencies). These valid grounds must be communicated *before* the deadline for the relevant piece of assessment (ie., if you have have a problem that might mean you miss a deadline, let the lecturer know as soon as possible0

#### **Mandatory course requirements**

To gain a pass in this course each student must:

- Submit the written work specified for this course, on or by the specified dates (subject to such provisions as are stated for late submission of work); and
- Attend at least 10 seminars; and
- Achieve a 50% pass in the examination.

# Return of marked course work

Test results and essays will be returned at times to be advised. If students fail to attend these times, they may collect their essay from the School Office in level 5, Murphy Building between the hours of 2.00 and 3.00 pm from Monday to Friday and must show their Student ID card before collection.

#### **Class representative**

A class representative will be elected in the first week, and that person's name and contact details will be available to VUWSA, the Course Coordinator and the class. The class representative provides a communication channel to liaise with the Course Coordinator on behalf of students.

#### Academic integrity and plagiarism

Academic integrity means that university staff and students, in their teaching and learning are expected to treat others honestly, fairly and with respect at all times. It is not acceptable to mistreat academic, intellectual or creative work that has been done by other people by representing it as your own original work.

Academic integrity is important because it is the core value on which the University's learning, teaching and research activities are based. Victoria University's reputation for academic integrity adds value to your qualification.

The University defines plagiarism as presenting someone else's work as if it were your own, whether you mean to or not. 'Someone else's work' means anything that is not your own idea. Even if it is presented in your own style, you must acknowledge your sources fully and appropriately. This includes:

- Material from books, journals or any other printed source
- The work of other students or staff
- Information from the internet
- Software programs and other electronic material
- Designs and ideas
- The organisation or structuring of any such material

Find out more about plagiarism, how to avoid it and penalties, on the University's website: <a href="http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/plagiarism.aspx">http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/plagiarism.aspx</a>

#### **Use of Turnitin**

Student work provided for assessment in this course may be checked for academic integrity by the electronic search engine <a href="http://www.turnitin.com">http://www.turnitin.com</a>. Turnitin is an online plagiarism prevention tool which compares submitted work with a very large database of existing material. At the discretion of the Head of School, handwritten work may be copy-typed by the School and subject to checking by Turnitin. Turnitin will retain a copy of submitted material on behalf of the University for detection of future plagiarism, but access to the full text of submissions is not made available to any other party.

#### Where to find more detailed information

Find key dates, explanations of grades and other useful information at <a href="https://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study">www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study</a>. Find out how academic progress is monitored and how enrolment can be restricted at <a href="http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/academic-progress.aspx">http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/academic-progress.aspx</a>. Most statutes and policies are available at <a href="https://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/calendar.aspx">www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/calendar.aspx</a> (See Section C).

Other useful information for students may be found at the Academic Office website, at <a href="https://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about-victoria/avcacademic">www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about-victoria/avcacademic</a>.

#### Course calendar

# Tuesday 17<sup>th</sup> July (week one):

Introduction to the course and lecture on different perspectives on 'development' **Tuesday 24**<sup>th</sup> **July (week two):** 

Discussion of perspective on development followed by lecture on South Korea and the 'developmental state'.

# Tuesday 31<sup>st</sup> July (week three):

Discussion of South Korea, lecturer on Southeast Asian development models.

# Tuesday 7<sup>th</sup> August (week four):

Discussion of Southeast Asian Development and lecture on the Asian crisis.

# Tuesday 14<sup>th</sup> August (week five)

Discussion of the Asian crisis, lecture on the future of the Asian model.

# Tuesday 21<sup>st</sup> August (week six)

Class test followed by discussion of future of Asian model.

# Mid trimester break 27<sup>th</sup> August – 7<sup>th</sup> September

**Tuesday 11st September (week seven)** Two lectures – Indonesia before the crisis and Indonesia after transition to democracy.

**Tuesday 18<sup>th</sup> September (week eight)** Discussion of Indonesia, lecture on Malaysia and inter-ethnic relationships.

**Tuesday 25**<sup>th</sup> **September (week nine)** Discussion of inter-ethnic relationships in Malaysia, lecture on political Islam.

**Tuesday 2<sup>nd</sup> October (week ten)** Discussion of political Islam, lecture on post-crisis Thailand. **Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> October (week eleven)** Discussion of post-crisis Thailand, lecture on Vietnam and poverty reduction.

Tuesday 16<sup>th</sup> (week twelve) Discussion of Vietnam poverty reduction + revision session.

# Week One - Theories of development and Southeast Asia

Compulsory reading:

**Ben Thirkell-White** (2008) 'Globalization and development' in Salmon and Imber (eds) *Issues in International Relations* (3<sup>rd</sup> Edition)

and

Either **Chambers, Robert** (2004) Ideas for development: reflecting forwards *IDS Working Paper 238* Available at <a href="http://www.ids.ac.uk/bookshop/wp/wp238.pdf">http://www.ids.ac.uk/bookshop/wp/wp238.pdf</a> (this one is about putting poverty at the heart of development)

Or

**Escobar, Arturo** (1997) 'The Making and unmaking of the third world through development' Rahnema, Majid and Bawtree, Victoria (Eds) *The Post-Development Reader* (London: Zed

Books) (this one argues that 'poverty' and 'development' are products of Western discourses)

# Other reading:

## *Modernisation theory*

**Donal Cruise O'Brien**, (1972), 'Modernization, order, and the erosion of a democratic ideal', *Journal of Development Studies*, Vol.8 No.2

**Huntington Samuel**, (1965), 'Political development and political decay', *World Politics*, 17 386-430,

**Huntington Samuel**, (1968) *Political Order in Changing Societies* New Haven: Yale University Press

**W.W.Rostow**, (1960) *The Stages of Economic Growth: A Non-Communist Manifesto* Cambridge: Cambridge University Press

## Dependency theory

**Gunder Frank Andre**, (1971), *Capitalism and Underdevelopment in Latin America* Harmondsworth: Penguin especially ch. 1

**Colin Leys** (1996) *The Rise and Fall of Development Theory* London: James Currey **Raymond D. Duvall** (1978) "Dependence and Dependencia Theory: Notes Toward Precision of Concept and Argument," *International Organization*, vol. 32, no.1: 51-78.

**Cristóbal Kay and Robert N. Gwynne** (2000), "Relevance of Structuralist and Dependency Theories in the Neoliberal Period: A Latin American Perspective," *Journal of Development Studies*, 16, 1 (2000): 49-69.

**Brewer A.**, (1980), Marxist Theories of Imperialism London: Routledge.

**Brenner, R** (1977) 'The Origins of Capitalist Development: a critique of neo-Smithian Marxism' *New Left Review* No.104

**Cardoso, F and Faletto, E** *Dependency and Development in Latin America* Berkeley: University of California Press

Textbook/readers on modernisation and dependency

**John Martinussen** (1997) *State, society and market : a guide to competing theories of development* London, Zed Books

**So, Alvin** , (1990) *Social change and development: modernisation, dependency and world-systems theories* Newbury Park: Sage

Hettne, Bjorn, (1990) Development Theory and the Three Worlds, Harlow: Longman ch. 2

The debate about Post-Development / abandoning development

**Escobar, A**, (1995), *Encountering Development*, Princeton: Princeton University Press **Rahnema, M & Bawtree V** (eds) (1997) *The Post-Development Reader* London, Zed Books

#### For critique, see:

**Corbridge, S** (1998), "Beneath the Pavement Only Soil": The Poverty of Post-Development, *Journal of Development Studies*, Vol. 34, no.6,

**Frans J. Schuurman** (2000), "Paradigms Lost, Paradigms Regained? Development Studies in the Twenty-first century," *Third World Quarterly*, Vol.21, No.1

Basic needs and a poverty focus

**Chambers, R** (1997) Whose reality counts?: putting the last first London: Intermediate Technology Books

**Chambers, R** (2005) *Ideas for development* London: Earthscan

**Kitching, Gavin**, (1989), *Development and Underdevelopment in Historical Perspective* London: Open University Press (this book argues that a rural-centred, poverty first strategy is romanticism that doesn't come to terms with the reality of what industrialization can deliver)

Other contemporary perspectives

**Randall, Vicky** (2004) 'Using and abusing the concept of the Third World: Geopolitics and the comparative political study of development and underdevelopment *Third World Quarterly, Vol 25, No 1,* 

**Gore, Charles** (2000) 'The rise and fall of the Washington consensus as a paradigm for developing countries' *World Development* Vol 28 No 5

## Week two - The developmental state and Korea

Indicative test question:

- (a) How did Korea get rich? (about 50%) and
- (b) What were the negative aspects of Korean politics and were they a reasonable price to pay for growth? (50%)

# Compulsory reading:

**Thirkell-White, B** (2006) 'Korea' in *The IMF and the Politics of Financial Globalisation: From the Asian Crisis to a New International Architecture?* (Basingstoke, Palgrave) (chapter on blackboard)

and

**Chang, Ha Joon**.(1993) "The Political Economy of Industrial Policy in Korea." *Cambridge Journal of Economics* 17.2 (1993). (don't panic about the technical stuff, see what you can get out of it)

Other reading:

The developmental state in general

**Akyuz, Yilmaz, Chang, Ha-Joon & Kozul-Wright, R** 'New perspectives on East Asian development' *Journal of development Studies* Vol 34 No.6

**Amsden, Alice**. "Why Isn't the Whole World Experimenting with the East Asian Model to Develop: Review of "the East Asian Miracle"." *World Development* Vol.22 No.4 (and the rest of this special issue of W D, which reviews the Bank's miracle report)

**Johnson, Chalmers** (1982) *MITI and the Japanese miracle: the growth of industrial policy* 1925-1975, Stanford, Stanford University Press

**Khan, M** (2000) 'Rents, efficiency and growth' in Khan, M & Jomo, K S (eds) *Rents, rent-seeking and economic development: theory and evidence from Asia* Cambridge, Cambridge University Press

Krugman, Paul (1994) 'The myth of Asia's miracle' Foreign Affairs Vol 73 No 6

**Leftwich, A (**1995) 'Bringing politics back in – towards a model of the developmental state' *Journal of Development Studies* Vol 31 No 3

**Wade, R** (1990) Governing the Market: economic theory and the role of government in east Asian industrialization Princeton, Princeton University Press

**Weiss, L & Hobson, J** (1995) *States and economic development: a comparative historical analysis* Cambridge: Polity Press

**Woo-Cummings, M** (1999) *The Developmental State* Cornell, Cornell University Press (especially chapters 1, 2 and 6)

World Bank (1993) The East Asian Miracle Oxford: Oxford University Press

# Korea and the developmental state

**Choi, Byung-Sun**. (1993) "Financial Policy and Big Business in Korea: The Perils of Financial Regulation." In Stephan Haggard, C Lee and Sylvia Maxfield (Eds) *The Politics of Finance in Developing Countries*. Eds.. Ithaca: Cornell University Press

**Rodrik, Dani**. (1994) 'Getting Interventions Right: How South Korea and Taiwan Grew Rich' *NBER Working Papers No.W4964* 

**Cheng, Tun-Jen, Stephan Haggard, and David Kang** (1998) 'Institutions and Growth in Korea and Taiwan: The Bureaucracy' *Journal of Development Studies* Vol.34 No.6

**Cumings, Bruce** (1984) 'The Origins and Development of the Northeast Asian Political Economy: Industrial Sectors, Product Cycles and Political Consequences' *International Organization* Vol.38 No.1

**Cummings, Bruce** (1999) 'Webs with No Spiders, Spiders with No Webs: The Geneology of the Developmental State.' in Meredith Woo-Cummings (Ed) *The Developmental State*. Ithaca: Cornell University Press,

**Johnson, Chalmers** (1999) 'The Developmental State: Odyssey of a Concept' in Meredith Woo-Cummings (Ed) *The Developmental State*. Ithaca: Cornell University Press,

**Kohli, Atul**. (1998) 'Where Do High-Growth Political Economies Come From? The Japanese Lineage of Korea's "Developmental State' Concept' in Meredith Woo-Cummings (Ed) *The Developmental State*. Ithaca: Cornell University Press,

**Kohli, A** (2004) *State-directed development: political power and industrialization in the global periphery* Cambridge, Cambridge University Press (particularly the two Korea chapters, though the intro and conclusions are also interesting)

**Moon, Chung In, and Yong-cheol Kim** (1996) 'A Circle of Paradox: Development, Politics and Democracy in Korea' in A Leftwich (ed) *Democracy and Development*. Ed. Cambridge: Polity Press,

# Week three - Southeast Asia and replicability

#### Indicative test question

(a) How was Southeast Asian development was different from Northeast Asian development (about 66%)

(b) Is the Southeast Asian model is a better candidate for replication than the Northeast Asian one? (about 33%)

# Compulsory reading:

**Akyuz, Yilmaz, Chang, Ha-Joon & Kozul-Wright, R** 'New perspectives on East Asian development' *Journal of development Studies* Vol 34 No6 (this one talks, particularly, about Southeast Asia and replication later in the article)

#### And

**Jomo, K S** (2001)'Introduction: Growth and Structural Change in the Second-Tier Southeast Asian NICs' in Jomo (Ed) *Southeast Asia's Industrialization: Industrial Policy, Capabilities and Sustainability* Basingstoke, Palgrave

## Additional reading:

**Beeson, M** (2004) 'Southeast Asia' in Payne, A (ed) *The new regional politics of development* Basingstoke, Palgrave

**Bernard, M & Ravenhill, J** (1995) 'Beyond product cycles and flying geese: regionalization, hierarchy and the industrialization of East Asia', *World Politics*, Vol.47 No.2, pp 171–209.

**Crone, Donald K.** (1988) 'State, social elites, and government capacity in Southeast Asia', *World Politics* Vol.40 No.2 252–68.

**Doner, Ritchie & Slater** (2005) 'Systemic vulnerability and the origins of developmental states: Northeast and Southeast Asia in comparative perspective' *International Organization* Vol.59 No.2

**Felker, Greg** (2008) 'The political economy of Southeast Asia' in Beeson, M (ed) *Contemporary Southeast Asia* London, Palgrave

**Felker, G** (2003) 'Southeast Asian industrialisation and the changing global production network' *Third World Quarterly* Vol.24 No.2

**Hawkes & Liu** (1993) 'Explaining the dynamics of economic growth in Southeast Asia' *World Politics* Vol.45 No.4

**Henderson, J** (1999) Uneven crises: institutional foundations of East Asian economic turmoil' *Economy and Society* Vol28 No3 pp327-368

**Jayasuriya**, **K** 'Embedded mercantilism and open regionalism: the crisis of a regional political project' *Third World Quarterly* Vol.24 No.2

**Khan, M** (2000) 'Rents, efficiency and growth' in Khan & Jomo (eds) *Rents, rent-seeking and economic development: theory and evidence from Asia* Cambridge, Cambridge University Press

**Rock, M T** (1999) 'Reassessing the effectiveness of industrial policy in Indonesia: can the neoliberals be wrong?' *World Development* Vol.27 No.4

**Gary Rodan, Kevin Hewison and Richard Robison** (2000) 'Theorising Southeast Asia's boom, bust and recovery' in Gary Rodan, Kevin Hewison and Richard Robison (eds) *The political economy of south-east Asia: conflict, crises and change* Oxford, OUP

**Stubbs, Richard** (2005) *Rethinking Asia's Economic Miracle* Basingstoke, Palgrave **World Bank** (1993) *The East Asian Miracle* Oxford: Oxford University Press

# Week four - The Asian crisis

Indicative test question

What caused the Asian crisis?

Make sure that you introduce some different points of view and explain which you find most convincing

Compulsory reading:

**Ben Thirkell-White** 'The Asian Crisis' excerpt from *The IMF and the Politics of Financial Globalisation: From the Asian Crisis to a New International Financial Architecture?* Palgrave, 2005

and

**Haggard, Stephan & MacIntyre, Andrew** (1998) 'The political economy of the Asian economic crisis' *Review of international political economy* Vol.5 No.3

Additional reading:

Cambridge Journal of Economics special issue on the Asian crisis – Vol 22 No 6, **Jomo K S** (1998) (ed) *Tigers in Trouble Financial Governance, Liberalization, and Crisis* London: Zed Books

**Haggard S** (1999) *The Political Economy of the Asian Financial Crisis* Washington DC: Institute for International Economics

**IMF** (1997) World Economic Outlook: Interim Assessment (Chapters 2 & 3 – available on Blackboard) Washington DC: IMF

**MacIntyre, A** (2001) 'Institutions and investors: the politics of the financial crisis in Southeast Asia' *International Organization* Vol.55 No.1

**Ross McLeod and Ross Garnaut**, (Eds), *East Asia in Crisis: From Being a Miracle to Needing One?* London: Routledge

**Pempel, T.J.** (1999) (Ed) *The Politics of the Asian Financial Crisis* Ithaca: Cornell University Press

**Radelet & Sachs** (1998) 'The East Asian Financial Crisis: Diagnosis, Remedies, Prospects' Brookings Papers on Economic Activity No.1 pp1-74,

Richard Robison, Mark Beeson, Kanishka Jayasuriya and Hyuk-Rae Kim, (2000) eds., *Politics and Markets in the Wake of the Asian Crisis* London: Routledge

Wade, Robert and Veneroso, Frank (1998) 'The Asian Crisis: The High Debt Model Versus the Wall-Street, Treasury, IMF complex' New Left Review No228, March-April

#### Week five – The end of the Asian model?

Indicative test question

(a) Summarise and compare the arguments of the two compulsory readings. What are the authors' main points? Where do they agree? Where do they disagree? Which view is most persuasive?

Compulsory reading:

**Beeson, M** (2002) 'Southeast Asia and the politics of vulnerablility' *\_Third World Quarterly* Vol.23 No.3

And

**Felker, G** (2003) 'Southeast Asian industrialisation and the changing global production network' *Third World Quarterly* Vol.24 No.2

## Additional reading:

Cambridge Journal of Economics special issue on the Asian crisis – Vol 22 No 6, contains a large number of excellent articles.

**Henderson, J** (1999) Uneven crises: institutional foundations of East Asian economic turmoil' *Economy and Society* Vol28 No3 pp327-368

**Higgot, R & Rhodes, M** (2000) 'Introduction: Asian crises and the myth of capitalist convergence' *The Pacific Review* Vol 13 No 1

**Jayasuriya & Rosser** 'Economic crisis and the political economy of economic liberalisation in Southeast Asia' in Rodan et al (eds) <u>The political economy of Southeast Asia</u> (2<sup>nd</sup> edition) Oxford University Press

**Lee, Jaymin** (1999) 'East Asian NIEs model of development: miracle, crisis and beyond' *The Pacific Review* Vol 12 No2

**Robison & Rosser** (ed) *Politics and Markets in the Wake of the Asian Crisis* 

**Weiss, L** (2000) 'Developmental states in transition: adapting, dismantling, innovating not normalizing' *The Pacific Review* Vol 13 No 1

On globalisation

**Evans, P** 'The eclipse of the state? Reflections on stateness in an era of globalization' *World Politics* Vol 50 No 1

**Mann, Michael** 'Has globalisation ended the rise and rise of the nation-state?' *Review of International Political Economy* Vol 4, No 3

*On the future (or otherwise) of industrial policy* 

**Jomo K S** (2001) 'Growth after the Asian crisis: what remains of the East Asian model? <u>G-24</u> <u>Discussion series</u> 10

See also 3 or 4 articles on contemporary approaches to industrial policy on Dani Rodrik's homepage at Harvard http://ksghome.harvard.edu/~drodrik/papers.html

Week six – In class test and discussion of 'end of the Asian model'

# Week seven - Indonesia and the authoritarian state + post-crisis Indonesia

Compulsory reading:

**Robison, R** (1997) 'Politics and markets in Indonesia's post-oil era' in Rodan, Hewison and Robison (eds) *The Political Economy of Southeast Asia* Oxford, Oxford University Press (1<sup>st</sup> edition)

Liddle, R (1992) 'Indonesia's democratic past and future' Comparative Politics Vol.24 No.4

**Robison & Hadiz (2003) '**Neo-liberal reforms and illiberal consolidations: the Indonesian Paradox' *Journal of Development Studies* Vol 41 No 2 pp.220-41

and

**Thirkell-White, B** (2009) 'Indonesia: why good governance and social policy isn't enough to reduce poverty' *Labour, Capital and Society* forthcoming

# Additional reading on pre-crisis Indonesia and the crisis

Economics / general

**Hill, Hall** (2000) *The Indonesian economy* Cambridge, Cambridge University Press **Liddle R** (1991) The relative autonomy of the Third World politician: Soeharto and Indonesian development in comparative perspective *International Studies Quarterly* 35 pp403-427

**MacIntyre, A** (1993) 'The politics of finance in Indonesian economic development: command, confusion and competition' in Haggard, Lee & Maxfield (eds) *The politics of finance in developing countries* Ithaca, Cornell University Press

**MacIntyre, A** (2000) 'Funny money: fiscal policy, rent-seeking and economic performance in Indonesia' in Khan & Jomo (eds) *Rents, rent-seeking and economic development: theory and evidence from Asia* Cambridge, Cambridge University Press

**Robison, R** (1986) *Indonesia: the rise of capital* Sydney, Allen & Unwin (a bit old now but still the best description of the building of a capitalist class in Indonesia)

**Robison, R** (1988) 'Authoritarian states, capital-owning classes and the politics of newly industrializing countries – the case of Indonesia' *World Politics* Vol 41 No 1

**Rock, Michael T** (1999) 'Reassessing the effectiveness of industrial policy in Indonesia: can the neo-liberals be wrong?' *World Development* Vol 27, No 4

**Schwarz, Adam** (1999) *A nation in waiting: Indonesia's search for stability* Boulder, Westview Press (2<sup>nd</sup> edition) (especially chapters 3-6)

**Thirkell-White, B** (2005) *The IMF and the politics of financial globalisation: from the Asian crisis to a new international financial architecture* Basingstoke, Palgrave, Chapter 6, especially the 'background' section

# Politics/theory

On authoritarianism and development, the classic is:

**Huntingdon, S** Political Order in Changing Societies

Or, shorter version, **Huntington Samuel**, (1965), 'Political development and political decay', *World Politics*, 17 386-430,

**Donal Cruise O'Brien,** (1971), 'Modernization, order, and the erosion of a democratic ideal', *Journal of Development Studies,* 7 141-60,

**Khan, M.H.,** (2005) "Markets, States and Democracy: Patron-Client Networks and the Case for Democracy in Developing Countries". *Democratization* 12 (5): 705-25.

**MacIntyre A** (20020 *The Power of Institutions: Political Architecture and Governance* primarily the theoretical introduction.

For an alternative view, see Sen, A Development as Freedom

Some development studies textbooks also talk about authoritarian politics, try

**Cammack, Pool & Tordoff** (1993) *Third World Politics: A comparative introduction* Basingstoke: Palgrave

For some classics on Indonesian authoritarianism, try:

**Andersen, Benedict** (1983) 'Old state: new society: Indonesia's new order in comparative perspective' *Journal of Asian Studies* May

**Crouch, Harold** (1979) 'Patrimonialism and military rule in Indonesia' *World Politics* Vol 31 No 4

**Vatikiotis, M** (1998) *Indonesian politics under Suharto: the rise and fall of the new order* London/New York Routledge

Immediate pre-crisis developments

**Aspinall, E** (1996) 'The broadening of political opposition in Indonesia' in Rodan (ed) *Political opposition in industrialising Asia* London, Routledge

**Heryanto, A** (1996) 'Indonesian middle-class opposition in the 1990s' in Rodan (ed) *Political opposition in industrialising Asia* London, Routledge

**Heryanto, A** (1997) 'Indonesia: towards the final countdown' in *Southeast Asian Affairs 1997* Singapore, Institute for Southeast Asian Studies

**Schwarz, Adam** (1999) *A nation in waiting: Indonesia's search for stability* Boulder, Westview Press (2<sup>nd</sup> edition) (later chapters)

# Additional reading on post-crisis Indonesia

#### Most Recent

(Aswicahyono, Haryo, Hill, Hal, Narjoko, Dionisius 'Industrialisation after a Deep Economic Crisis: Indonesia' *Journal of Development Studies* Vol46 No.6 pp1084-108

**Aspinall, E & Mietzner, M** (2010) *Problems of Democratisation in Indonesia: Elections, Institutions, and Society* (Singapore Institute for Southeast Asian Studies)

**Boudreau, V** (2009) 'Elections, Repression and authoritarian survival in Indonesia and the Philippines' *The Pacific Review* 

**Davidson, J '**Dilemmas of Democratic Consolidation in Indonesia' *The Pacific Review* Vol.22 No.3 pp293-310

Fealy, Greg 'Indonesian politics in 2011: democratic regression and Yudhoyono's regal

Incumbency' Bulletin of Indonesian Economic Studies Vol.47 No.3 pp333-53

Manning, C and Sumarto, Sudarno (2011) Employment, Living Standards and Poverty in Contemporary Indonesia (Singapore, Institute for Southeast Asian Studies)

Manning, C & Purnagunawan, R (2011) 'Survey of Recent Developments' Bulletin of Indonesian Economic Studies Vol.47 No.3 pp303-32

**Meitzner, Marcus** (2012) 'Indonesia's democratic stagnation: anti-reformist elites and resilisent civil society' *Democratization* Vol.19 No.2 pp209-29

**Ufen, Andreas** (2008) 'From *aliran* to dealignment: political parties in post-Suharto Indonesia' *South East Asia Research* Vol.16 No.1

Highly recommended

Bresnan, J (ed) (2006) Indonesia: the Great Transition Rowman & Littlefield

**Hadiz, V** (2003) 'Reorganizing political power in Indonesia: a reconsideration of so-called democratic transitions' *Pacific Review* Vol 16 No 4

**Robison, R & Hadiz V** (2001) 'Indonesia: crisis, oligarchy and reform' in Rodan, Hewison & Robison (eds) *The political economy of Southeast Asia: conflicts, crisis and change\_*Oxford, Oxford University Press (3<sup>rd</sup> edition)

**Robison, R & Hadiz, V** (2005) *Reorganising political power in Indonesia* London: RoutledgeCurzon

**Robison R** 'The politics of financial reform: recapitalising Indonesia's banks' in Underhill & Zhang (eds) *International governance under stress: global structures versus national imperatives* Cambridge, CUP

**Slater, D.** (2004). "Indonesia's Accountability Trap: Party Cartels and Presidential Power after Democratic Transition." *Indonesia* Vol.78 pp61-92.

**Tornquist, O**. (2006). "Assessing Democracy From Below: A Framework and Indonesian Pilot Study" *Democratization* Vol.13 No.2

#### Also good

**Beeson, Mark** (1998) 'Indonesia, the East Asian crisis and the commodification of the nation-state' *New Political Economy* Vol 3 No 3

**Booth, Anne** (2000 'The impact of the Indonesian crisis on welfare: what do we know two years on?' in Manning, C and Van Dierman, P (eds) *Indonesia in transition: social aspects of reformasi and crisis* Zed Books: London

**Crawford G** 'Partnership or Power? Deconstructing the "Partnership for Governance Reform" in Indonesia' *Third World Quarterly* Vol.24, No.2, pp.139-59, 2003

**Hadiz, V** (2003) 'Reorganizing political power in Indonesia: a reconsideration of so-called democratic transitions' *Pacific Review* Vol 16 No 4

**Haggard, Stephan & MacIntyre, Andrew** (1998) 'The political economy of the Asian economic crisis' *Review of international political economy* Vol 5 No 3

**Hamilton-Hart, N.** (2006). "Consultants in the Indonesian State: Modes of Influence and Institutional Implications." *New Political Economy* Vol.11 No.2.

**Hefner, R** (2000) *Civil Islam: muslims and democratization in Indonesia* Princeton: Princeton University Press

**Montes, M & Abusalamov, M** (1998) 'Indonesia: reaping the market' in Jomo (ed) *Tigers in trouble* London: Zed Books

**Pincus & Ramli** (1998) 'Indonesia from showcase to basket case' *Cambridge Journal of Economics* Vol 22 No 6

**Robsion & Rosser (2000)** 'Surviving the meltdown: liberal reform and political oligarchy in Indonesia' in Robison (ed) *Politics and markets in the wake of the Asian crisis* London, Routledge

**Robison & Rosser** (1998) 'Contesting reform: Indonesia's new order and the IMF' *World Development* Vol 26, No 8

**Schwarz, Adam** *A nation in waiting: Indonesia's search for stability* (2<sup>nd</sup> edition) Boulder: Westview) chapters 10 & 11

**Schwarz, Adam** *Indonesia: the 2004 election and beyond* ISEAS, Singapore

See the various articles on Indonesia in 'Southeast Asian Affairs' for 2000-2008

# Week eight - Malaysia before crisis: redistribution and corruption

Compulsory reading:

**Thirkell-White, B** (2005) The IMF and the politics of financial globalization: from the Asian crisis to a new international financial architecture Basingstoke, Palgrave (Chapter 7 – available on blackboard)

And

**Khoo Boo Teik** (2004) 'Managing ethnic relations in post-crisis Malaysia and Indonesia: Lessons from the New Economic Policy?' UNRISD, August

Additional reading;

**Case, William** (1993) 'Semi-democracy in Malaysia: withstanding the pressures for regime change', *Pacific Affairs* 66(2):183–205.

**Case, William** (2001) 'Malaysia's resilient pseudo democracy' *Journal of Democracy* 12.1 (2001) 43-57

**Case, William** (2005) How's my driving? Abdullah's first year as Malaysian PM' *Pacific Review* Vol 18 No 2

Crouch, Harold (1996) Government and society in Malaysia Ithaca: Cornell University Press Gomez, Edmund Terence & Jomo, (1999) K S Malaysia's political economy: politics, patronage and profits Cambridge: Cambridge University Press (2<sup>nd</sup> edition)

Jeffrey Henderson and Richard Phillips 'Contradictions of Development: Social Policy, State Institutions and the 'Stalling' of the Malaysian Industrialisation Project' IPEG papers in global political economy No. 17 (available at <a href="http://www.bisa.ac.uk/groups/ipeg/ipegpapers.htm">http://www.bisa.ac.uk/groups/ipeg/ipegpapers.htm</a>)

Jamilah, Arrifin (1995) 'At the crossroads of rapid development: Malaysian society and anomie', International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy 15(8–10) [special issue]:343–71.

Jesudason, James (1996) 'The syncretic state and the structuring of oppositional politics in Malaysia' in Rodan, G (ed) Political opposition in Industrialising Asia\_London: Routledge

**Jomo, KS & Gomez, E T** (2000) 'The Malaysian development dilemma' in Khan & Jomo (eds) *Rents, rent-seeking and economic development: theory and evidence from Asia* Cambridge, CUP

**Loh Kok Wah, Francis** (2002) 'Developmentalism and the limits of democratic discourse' in Wah and Tiek (eds) *Democracy in Malaysia: discourses and practices,* London Curzon **Martinez Kuhonta, E** (2011) *The Institutional Imperative: The Politics of Equitable Development in Southeast Asia* Stanford, Stanford University Press (just the two chapters on Malaysia)

**Milne & Mauzy** (1999) *Malaysian politics under Mahathir* London: Routledge **Searle, P** (1999) *The riddle of Malaysian capitalism: rent-seekers or real capitalists?* St Leonards: Allen & Unwin

**Trezzini, B** (2001) 'Embedded state autonomy and legitimacy: piecing together the Malaysian developmental puzzle' *Economy and Society* Vol.30 No.3

Recent developments in Malaysia

**Case, William** 'Electoral authoritarianism in Malaysia: trajectory shift' *Pacific Review* Vol.22 No.3 pp311-33

**Khoo, Boo Teik** (2010)'Social movements and the crisis of neoliberalism in Malaysia and Thailand' *IDE Discussion Paper* No.238

# <u>Week nine – Political Islam in Indonesia and Malaysia</u>

Compulsory reading:

**Hadiz, V & Khoo, Boo Teik** (2011)'Approaching Islam and politics from political economy: a comparative study of Indonesia and Malaysia' Vol.24, No.4, pp463-85

and

**Wright-Nevel, D** (2004) 'Dangerous dynamics: activists militants and terrorists in Southeast Asia' *The Pacific Review* Vol.17 No.1 pp27-46

Additional reading:

#### Malaysia

**Funston, John** (2001) 'Malaysia: UMNO's search for relevance' *Southeast Asian Affairs* 2001 **Khoo, Boo Tiek** (2004) 'Searching for Islam in Malaysian Politics: Confluences, divisions and governance' SEARC working papers No 72 City University of Hong Kong, available online at http://www.cityu.edu.hk/searc/WP.html

**Hamayotsu, Kikue** 'Islamisation, patronage and political ascendancy: the politics and business of Islam in Malaysia' in Gomez (ed) *The state of Malaysia* 

**Mohamad, Maznah** (2001) 'The Unravelling of a "Malay Consensus"' *Southeast Asian Affairs* 2001

**Thirkell-White, Ben** (2006) 'Political Islam and Malaysian Democracy' *Democratization* Vol.13 No.3

And some general background to Malaysian politics (for example, papers by Jesudason and Case listed under the Malaysia week)

#### Indonesia

**Barton, Greg '**Indonesia's Year of Living Normally: Taking the Long View on Indonesia's Progress' *Southeast Asian Affairs* 2008

**Hadiz, V & Robison, R** (2011) 'Political Economy and Islamic Politics: Insights from the Indonesian Case' *New Political Economy* Vol.17 No.2 pp137-55

**Hefner, R** (1993) 'Islam, state and civil society: ICMI and the struggle for the Indonesian middle class' *Indonesia* Vol 56 (available through JSTOR)

**Hefner, R** (2000) *Civil Islam: muslims and democratization in Indonesia* Princeton: Princeton University Press

**Hefner, R** (2002) 'Global violence and Indonesian muslim politics' *American Anthropologist* Vol 104 No 3

**Hefner, R** (2003) 'Civic pluralism denied? The new media and *jihadi* violence in Indonesia' in Eickleman, Dale and Andersom, Jon (Eds) *New Media in the Muslim World* 

**Henderson & Kuncoro** (2006) 'Sick of local government corruption? Vote Islamic' available online at <a href="http://sws.bu.edu/dilipm/ec722/papers/HendKunccorruption2005.pdf">http://sws.bu.edu/dilipm/ec722/papers/HendKunccorruption2005.pdf</a> (probably just read the abstract!)

**Liddle, William** (1996) 'The Islamic Turn in Indonesia: A Political Explanation' *Journal of Asian Studies* Vol55 No 3

**Monash Asia Institute** (2008) *Muslim politics and democratisation in Indonesia.* In the library, classmark BL65 P7 M987

**Nakamura, M** (1999) 'Propsects for Islam in post-Soeharto Indonesia' *Asia-Pacific Review* Vol6 No1

**Nakamura, M** (2005) 'Islam and democracy in Indonesia: observations on the 2004 general and presidential elections' *International Legal Studies Program, Occaisional Papers No6* Harvard Law School, available online

Schwartz, Adam Indonesia: A Nation in Waiting

**Webber, D '**A Consolidated Patrimonial Democracy? Democratization in Post-Suharto Indonesia' *Democratization* Vol.13 No.3

Again, some of the general writing on Indonesian politics is useful too

#### Radical Islam and political violence

**Gershman, John** (2002) 'Is Southeast Asia the second front?' *Foreign Affairs* July/August **Hadiz, V** (2004) 'Indonesia: order and terror in a time of empire' SEARC working papers No 73 City University of Hong Kong, available online at <a href="http://www.cityu.edu.hk/searc/WP.html">http://www.cityu.edu.hk/searc/WP.html</a> **Hamilton-Hart, N** (2005) 'Terrorism in Southeast Asia: expert analysis, myopia and fantasy' *Pacific Review* Vol18 No3 pp303-325

**Rabasa** (2003) 'Political Islam in Southeast Asia: moderates, radicals and terrorists' *Adelphi Papers* 358

**Sidel, J** The Islamist Threat in Southeast Asia: A Reassessment, ISEAS Singapore, 2007 **Sidel, J** (2006) *Riots, pogroms, jihad: religious violence in Indonesia* Ithaca Cornell UP **Van Bruinessen, M** 'Genealogies of Islamic radicalism in post-Suharto Indonesia' available at

http://www.let.uu.nl/~Martin.vanBruinessen/personal/publications/genealogies islamic ra dicalism.htm

## Week ten - Populism in post-crisis Thailand

Compulsory reading:

**Hewison, K** 'Thaksin Shinawatra and the reshaping of Thai politics' *Contemporary Politics* Vol.16 No.2 pp119-33

And

**Pasuk Pongpaichit, & Baker, Chris** (2008) 'Thaksin's populism' *Journal of Contemporary Asia* Vol.38 No.1 pp 62-83

# Additional reading:

**Case, William** (2007) 'Democracy's quality and breakdown: New Lessons From Thailand' Southeast Asia Research Centre Working Paper No.83, City University, Hong Kong **Connors , M**(2008) 'Article of faith: the failure of royal liberalism in Thailand' *Journal of Contemporary Asia* Vol.38 No.1

**Dayley, Robert** (2011) 'Thailand's agrarian myth and its proponents' *Journal of Asian and African StudiesI* Vol.46 No.4 pp342-60

**Hewison, Kevin** (2003) 'The Politics of Neoliberalism: Class and Capitalism in Contemporary Thailand' *SEARC Working Papers* No. 45, City University of Hong Kong

**Hewison, Kevin** (2005) 'Neo-liberalism and Domestic Capital: the Political Outcomes of the Economic Crisis in Thailand' *Journal of Development Studies* Vol.41 No.2 pp310-30

**Hewison, Kevin** (2006) 'Thailand: Boom, Bust and Recovery' in Rodan, Garry, Hewison, Kevin & Robison, Richard *The Political Economy of Southeast Asia: Markets, Power and Contestation* Melbourne: Oxford University Press

**Khoo, Boo Teik** (2010)'Social movements and the crisis of neoliberalism in Malaysia and Thailand' *IDE Discussion Paper* No.238

**Lauridsen, Laurids** (2009) 'The Policies and Politics of Industrial Upgrading in Thailand during the Thaksin Era (2001-2006)' *Asian Politics & Policy* Vol.1 No.3 pp409-34

**Kitirianglarp, Kengkij & Hewison, Kevin** (2009) 'Social Movements and Political Opposition in ContemporaryThailand' *Pacific Review* Vol.22 No.4 pp 451-7

Martinez Kuhonta, E (2011) The Institutional Imperative: The Politics of Equitable Development in Southeast Asia Stanford, Stanford University Press (chapters on Thailand) McCargo D (2005), 'Network Monarchy and Legitimacy Crises in Thailand', The Pacific Review Vol.18 No.4, pp. 499-519.

**McCargo, D** (2008) 'Thailand: State of Anxiety' *Southeast Asian Affairs* 2008 **Painter, M** (2005) 'Thaksinisation or Managerialism? Reforming the Thai Bureaucracy', *Journal of Contemporary Asia* Vol.36 No.1, pp. 26-48.

**Pasuk Pongpaichit, & Baker, Chris** (2005) "Business Populism" in Thailand', *Journal of Democracy* Vol.16 No.2, pp. 58-72.

**Pasuk Pongpaichit, & Baker, Chris** (2004) *Thaksin: The Business of Politics in Thailand* Chiangmai, Silkworm Books

**Pye, Oliver & Schaffar, Wolfram** (2008) The 2006 anti-Thaksin movement in Thailand: An analysis' *Journal of Contemporary Asia* Vol.38 No.1

Warr, P (Ed) (2004) Thailand Beyond the Crisis London: Routledge Curzon

Warr, P (2010) 'Thailand's Crisis Overload' *Southeast Asian Affairs* 2009 p.334 (find online by searching for 'Southeast Asian Affairs 2009' in the Vic library catalogue)

# Week eleven – Vietnam and poverty

Compulsory reading;

**Beresford, M** (2008) 'Doi Moi in review: The challenges of building market socialism in Vietnam' *Journal of Contemporary Asia* Vol.38 No.2

And

**Thoburn** (2009) 'Vietnam as a Role Model for Development' *UNU-WIDER* Research paper No. 2009/30

Additional reading:

General Vietnamese Economy / Poverty

Adams, G & Tran, A-L 'Vietnam from transitional state to Asian Tiger?' *World Economics* Vol.11, No.s pp177-96 <a href="http://relooney.fatcow.com/0">http://relooney.fatcow.com/0</a> NS4053 821.pdf

Fritzen, Scott (2002) 'Growth, inequality and the future of poverty reduction in Vietnam' *Journal of Asian Economics* Vol.13 No.5 pp 635-57

**Huong T-L, Tuan, B Q, Minh, D-H (2003)** 'Employment poverty linkages and pro-poor growth in Vietnam' *Issues in Employment and Poverty Discussion Paper* 

Martinez Kuhonta, E (2011) *The Institutional Imperative: The Politics of Equitable Development in Southeast Asia* Stanford, Stanford University Press (chapter on Vietnam and Philippines)

**Klump, Rainer** (2007) 'Pro-poor growth in Vietnam: Miracle or Model?' in Besley & Cord (Eds) *Delivering on the Promise of Pro-Poor Growth: Insights and Lessons from country experiences* (Washington DC, World Bank)

**Leung** (2010) 'Vietnam an economic survey' *Asian-Pacific Economic Literature* **Quang, V** (2010)'Vietnam's economic crisis: policy follies and the role of the state-owned conglomerates' *Southeast Asian Affairs*, 2009 p389

Special issue on globalisation and poverty in Vietnam – 5 good articles! Journal of the Asia-Pacific Economy Vol9. No2 2004

Agriculture and inequality

**Akram-Lodhi, H (2010)** 'Review Essay: Land, Labour and Agrarian Transition in Vietnam' *Journal of Agrarian Change* Vol.10 No.4 pp564-80

**Ravallion, M & van de Walle, D** (2008) Land in transition: reform and poverty in rural Vietnam Washington DC, World Bank

**Tran, Tran Thi Thu** (2010)'Social differentiation revisited: A study of rural changes and peasant strategies in Vietnam' *Asia Pacific Viewpoint* Vol.51 No.1 pp17-35

PRSP process and donor coordination

**Bartholomew, A & Lister, S** 'Vietnam: the benefits of a strong consultative framework' *Public Administration and Development* Vol.25 No.5 pp 425-32

**Ohno, Izumi** 'Fostering True Ownership in Vietnam: from donor amangement to policy autonomy' Grips development forum Nov 2004 (available on blackboard)

Forsberg, L-T & Koko, Ari (2007) 'The Role of Donors in Vietnamese Development Planning' EIJS Working Paper no.238

**Fforde, A (**2011) 'Contemporary Vietnam: Political Opportunities, Conservative Formal Politics, and Patterns of Radical Change' *Asia Politics and Policy* Vol. 3 No.2 pp 165-

Perspectives on transition – especially 'Russia versus China'

Nolan P (1995) China's Rise, Russia's Fall Basingstoke, MacMillan

**Nolan, P.** (1997) "China's rise, Russia's fall." *Journal of Peasant Studies*, 24(1-2): 226-250 Special issue of the Journal of economic perspectives v.16 no.1

**Gros, D. and A. Steinherr**. (1995). Winds of Change: Economic Transition in Central and Eastern Europe. London: Longman.

**Riedel, J.** (1993), "On the trail of the tigers", World Economy, vol. 16, no. 4 (Jul.), pp. 401-422.

# Other

City Oxford: Clarendon Press

**Beresford & Tran Ngoc** (eds) Reaching for the Dream: Challenges of Sustainable Development in Vietnam

**Beresford, M** (2006) 'Vietnam from plan to market' in Rodan, Hewison and Robison (eds) The Political Economy of Southeast Asia 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition Oxford: Oxford University Press **Gainsborough, M** (2003) Changing political economy of Vietnam: the case of Ho Chi Minh

**Guo, S** 'Economic transition in China and Vietnam: a comparative perspective' *Asian Profile* Vol 32 No 5

**Kokko, A & Sjoholm, F** (2000) 'Some alternative scenarios for the role of the state in Vietnam' *Pacific Review* Vol 13 No 2

Masina, P (2006) Vietnam's Developmental Strategies London: Routledge McCargo, D (ed) (2004) Rethinking Vietnam London, RoutledgeCurzon (especially chapters 4, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 13)

**Painter, M** (2005) 'The Politics of State Sector Reforms in Vietnam: Contested Agendas and Uncertain Trajectories' *Journal of Development Studies* Vol 41 No 2

**Prichett, L** (2003) 'A toy collection, a socialist star, and a democratic dud? Growth theory, Vietnam and the Phillipines' in Rodrik, D (ed) *In search of prosperity: analytic narratives on economic growth* Prinecton: Princeton University Press

**Tran-Nam, B & Pham, C-D** (Eds) *The Vietnamese Economy: Awakening the Dormant Dragon* London: RoutledgeCurzon

# Week Twelve - Vietnam tutorial and conclusions

# **Essay questions**

Essay questions are set carefully to give you a good debate to get your teeth into and to lead you towards topics covered in the exam. I am not, therefore, flexible about essay titles. Please use those set and ensure that you actually answer the question.

Some lecturers are very keen for you to find your own references. That's a good discipline to learn but this is my area of research expertise and I'm quite proud of the references I have put together in my (very long) 'additional readings'. I would personally recommend that you start with some of those for your essay research as I know they are all high quality because I've read them! If you want to use your own research to supplement them feel free but you can get an A+ on this course just based on the readings on my reading list. Picking the readings that are most relevant to your take on the set question is enough research training from my perspective (I will talk a little about how to do that in week 6)

- 1. Has the transition to democracy improved Indonesia's prospects for development? Why?
- 2. 'The New Economic Policy in Malaysia has been a success story for managing ethnic tension and promoting development' Discuss
- 3. Is political Islam good or bad for democracy in Malaysia and/or Indonesia?
- 4. Since the Asian crisis, have the poor been better represented in Thai politics?
- 5. What accounts for Vietnam's strong poverty reduction performance since Doi Moi? What are the main challenges facing Vietnamese poverty policy going forwards?