

School of Government School of History, Philosophy, Political Science and International Relations

PUBL 304 / POLS 381 CABINET GOVERNMENT

Trimester One 2011

COURSE OUTLINE

Names and Contact Details

Course Co-ordinator: Dr Chris Eichbaum

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Trimester Dates

Teaching Period: Monday 28 February to Friday 3 June 2011 **End of Year Study Period:** Tuesday 7 June to Friday 10 June 2011 **Examination Period:** Monday 13 June to Saturday 2 July (inclusive)

Withdrawal from Course

Your fees will be refunded if you withdraw from this course on or before 11 March 2011

The standard last date for withdrawal from this course is the 14th March 2011.

After that date, students wishing to withdraw late must apply on an 'Application for Associate Dean's Permission to Withdraw Late' including supporting documentation

The application form is available from either of our Student Customer Service Desks.

Class Times and Room Numbers

Lecture timetable: Monday 1.10 – 3.00 pm Murphy 632 (Kelburn)

Course Content

A detailed lecture schedule will be distributed in the first week of classes.

It is anticipated that the course will include an opportunity to visit the Cabinet Office, a presentation from (and opportunity to engage with) an individual with experience as a Cabinet Minister, and others who have worked within the Executive branch of New Zealand government. Given that the course will also include short presentations relating to group work undertaken, the sequencing of particular topics will depend on the final size of the class. The particular mix of topics will also reflect the balance of interests in the class, and will be responsive to contemporary issues in politics, public policy and governance. It is anticipated that some or all of the following topics will be covered:

- Frameworks for analyzing Cabinet Government
- Parliamentary and presidential core executives compared; different types of parliamentary government; parties, elections and cabinet government
- Constitutions and Cabinet Government; the doctrine of the separation of powers; 'fused' powers in systems of parliamentary government
- The Westminster model: Cabinet Government in Britain, Australia and New Zealand; government formation in systems of parliamentary government (including under the MMP system in New Zealand)
- Accountability and collective and individual cabinet responsibility
- Prime Ministers and their cabinets
- Political staff and Cabinet Government
- Cabinet capacity and effectiveness; learning from case-studies of policy failures
- The future of Cabinet Government

Course Learning Objectives

The aim of the course is to study political executives in democratic states – particularly New Zealand, Australia, and other that fall within the 'Westminster' family and theories of executive/legislative relationships. In other words, we are interested in analyzing power at the top levels of politics, concentrating mainly on cabinet government. We study the people involved (ministers and prime ministers, public/civil servants, political advisors), their resources (from political authority to staffing and advice), their accountability to parliaments and voters, and their policy capacity. We also examine emerging issues in New Zealand's system of cabinet government and some of the challenges of governance.

Students completing this course will, in the main, be enrolled in BA and/or BCA degrees. There is a set of learning and teaching major attributes for students completing a BCA major in Public Policy, and these major attributes (MA) are noted below.

Having completed the course you will be able to:

- explain the main features of the institution of cabinet government (MA [Major Attribute] 2);
- contrast parliamentary and presidential systems of executive government (MA 2);
- compare and contrast features of cabinet government in different countries (MA 2, MA 7); and
- assess the relevance of the 'Westminster 'model' in the context of an analysis of cabinet government (MA 2, MA 7).

You will also be able to demonstrate:

- an in-depth knowledge of the subjects you select for your essays and groupwork; and
- the capacity to analyse the material critically.

Major Attributes: PUBL majors will be able to					
MA1	Judge the defining features of good policy analysis and advice and appraise how they are best produced				
MA2	Demonstrate an understanding of the influence of political ideas and philosophies, and of constitutional and political institutions on public policy				
MA3	Demonstrate an understanding of the contribution of quantitative and qualitative methods in policy analysis				
MA4	Identify the nature and respective roles of state and civil society in the development, implementation and evaluation of public policy, and demonstrate an understanding of the distinction between government and governance				
MA5	Appraise different disciplinary contributions to the development, implementation and evaluation of public policy				
MA6	Judge the relevance and importance of evidence in policymaking				
MA7	Apply the comparative method to policy analysis, and identify insights that might be drawn from other policy jurisdictions				
MA8	Judge and articulate the relevant criteria that might be used in assessing the advantages and disadvantages of particular policy options				
MA9	Analyse complex policy issues from multiple perspectives and identify opportunities for innovation				
MA10	Express ideas succinctly and persuasively both in written form and orally				
MA11	Construct and articulate rationales for public policy intervention				
MA12	Demonstrate an understanding of the significance of ethics and accountability in the study and practice of public policy				
MA13	Interpret the significance of the Treaty of Waitangi (Te Tiriti o Waitangi) in the study and practice of public policy in New Zealand				

Expected Workload

In accordance with Faculty Guidelines, this course has been constructed on the assumption that students will devote approximately 17 hours per week to reading, writing, and researching material for this course (20 point course = 200 hours of work over a 12 week trimester). This includes 2 hours of lectures per week.

Group Work

This course does include a group work component. It is expected that students will allocate no less than eight (8) hours to the group work, inclusive of research and meeting times. The assessment criteria for the group work component will be discussed with the class, before being confirmed and posted on Blackboard.

Readings

A book of readings has been prepared for this course (PUBL 304/POLS 381 *Cabinet Government Course Book*), and is available from the Student Notes Distribution Centre (Kelburn) – you will need to purchase this in the first week of the trimester, and read the relevant material relating to particular lecture topics.

Please note that you are also expected to be familiar with the New Zealand *Cabinet Manual* (2008), available on line at: http://www.cabinetmanual.cabinetoffice.govt.nz/

Reading List

Note that there is a great deal of official information on the internet. For example, the Political Science and International Relations Programme website (accessed through the VUW website) contains links to research tools, including government information around the world and the New Zealand government online information.

Journals:

Parliamentary Affairs, Public Administration and Government and Opposition, are especially useful for material on Britain. New Zealand's Public Sector and Political Science are essential sources. See also the VUW Institute of Policy Studies publication Policy Quarterly at: http://ips.ac.nz/publications/publications/list/10

Other textbooks:

There is a range of textbooks on the political systems of Australia and the UK in the library, many on Level 3.

Biographies and autobiographies provide rich sources of information, especially on political leaders.

COMPARATIVE WORKS: General

- Blondel, J., 'Cabinets and Ministers: A Comparative Perspective', in I. Marsh (ed.), *Governing in the 1990s: An Agenda for the Decade* (Melbourne, Longman Cheshire, 1993).
- Blondel, J. and F. Muller-Rommel (eds.), *Cabinets in Western Europe* (Houndmills, Macmillan, 1988).
- Davis, R. H., Women and Power in Parliamentary Democracies: Cabinet Appointments in Western Europe, 1968-1992, (Lincoln and London, University of Nebraska Press, 1997).
- Helms, L., *Presidents, Prime Ministers and Chancellors: Executive Leadership in Western Democracies* (Houndmills, Palgrave/Macmillan, 2005).
- Laver, M. and K. A. Shepsle, *Cabinet Ministers and Parliamentary Government* (Cambridge, University of Cambridge Press, 1994).
- Lijphart, A., Democracies: Patterns of Majoritarian and Consensus Government in Twenty-One Countries (New Haven, Yale University Press, 1984).
- Lijphart, A., 'Democratic Political Systems: Types, Cases, Causes, and Consequences', *Journal of Theoretical Politics*, Vol. 1 (1989), pp. 33 48.
- Lijphart, A. (ed.), *Parliamentary Versus Presidential Government* (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1992).
- Mackie, T. T. and B. W. Hogwood (eds.), *Unlocking the Cabinet: Cabinet Structures in Comparative Perspective*, (Sage, London, 1985).
- McAllister, I., 'Leaders', in L. LeDuc, R. G. Niemi and P. Norris (eds.), *Comparing Democracies: Elections and Voting in Global Perspective* (London, Sage, 1996), pp. 280 298.
- Patapan, H., J. Wanna and P. Weller (eds.), Westminster Legacies. Democracy and Responsible Government in Asia and the Pacific (Sydney, University of New South Wales Press, 2005).
- Peters, B. G., R. A. W. Rhodes and V. Wright, *Administering the Summit: Administration of the Core Executive in Developed Countries* (Houndmills, Basingstoke and London, Macmillan, 2000).
- Peters, B. G. and A. Barker (eds.), *Advising West European Governments: Inquiries, Expertise and Public Policy* (Edinburgh, Edinburgh University Press, 1993).
- Strom, K., *Minority Government and Majority Rule* (Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990).
- Weller, P., 'Prime Ministers, Political Leadership and Cabinet Government', *Australian Journal of Public Administration*, Vol. 50 (1991), pp. 131 144.
- Weller, P., First Among Equals: Prime Ministers in Westminster Systems (Sydney, Allen and Unwin, 1985).
- Weller, P., 'Party Rules and the Dismissal of Prime Ministers: Comparative Perspectives from Britain, Canada and Australia', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 47 (1994), pp. 133 143.
- Weller, P., H. Bakvis and R. A. W. Rhodes, *The Hollow Crown: Countervailing Trends in Core Executives* (Houndmills, Basingstoke, Macmillan, 1997).

COMPARATIVE WORKS: Accountability

- Barberis, P., 'The New Public Management and a New Accountability', *Public Administration*, Vol. 76 (1998), pp. 451 470.
- LeDuc, L., 'Elections and Democratic Governance', in L. LeDuc, R. G. Niemi and P. Norris (eds.), *Comparing Democracies: Elections and Voting in Global Perspective* (London, Sage, 1996), pp. 342 363.
- McDonald, A. and G. Terrill (eds.), *Open Government: Freedom of Information and Privacy*, (Houndmills, Basingstoke and London, Macmillan, 1998).
- Peters, B. G. and D. J. Savoie (eds.), *Governance in a Changing Environment* (Montreal, Canadian Centre for Management Development, 1993).
- Reid, W., 'Changing Notions of Accountability', *Public Administration*, Vol. 70 (1992).
- Stone, B., 'Administrative Accountability in the "Westminster" Democracies: Towards a New Conceptual Framework', *Governance*, Vol. 8 (1995), pp. 505 526.
- Weaver, R. K. and B. A. Rockman (eds.), *Do Institutions Matter? Government Capabilities in the United States and Abroad* (Washington, The Brookings Institution, 1993).

COMPARATIVE WORKS: Legislatures and the Executive

- Baldwin, N. D. J. (ed.), *Executive Leadership and Legislative Assemblies* (London and New York, Routledge, 2006).
- Copeland, G. and S. Patterson (eds.), *Parliaments in the Modern World: Changing Institutions* (Ann Arbor, University of Michigan Press, 1994).
- Doring, H. (ed.), *Parliaments and Majority Rule in Western Europe* (New York, St Martin's Press, 1996).
- Longley, L. and R. H. Davidson (eds.), *The New Roles of Parliamentary Committees* (London, Frank Cass, 1998).
- Norton, P. (ed.), Legislatures (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990).
- Norton, P. (ed), Parliaments and Governments in Western Europe (London, Frank Cass, 1998).

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- Alderman, K. 'Revision of Leadership Election Procedures in the Conservative Party', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 52, No. 2 (April, 1999), pp. 260 274.
- Bogdanor, B., 'Ministerial Accountability', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 50, No. 1 (1997), pp. 71 83.
- Brady, C., 'Collective Responsibility of the Cabinet: An Ethical, Constitutional or Managerial Tool?', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 52, No. 2 (April, 1999), pp. 214 229.
- Brazier, R., Constitutional Practice, 2nd edn. (Oxford University Press, New York, 1994).
- Brazier, R., Ministers of the Crown (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1997).
- Brivati, B. and Bale, T., New Labour in Power (Routledge, London, 1997).
- Burch, M. and I. Holliday, *The British Cabinet System* (Hemel Hempstead, Prentice Hall/Harvester Wheatsheaf, 1996).
- Denham, A. and M. Garnett, 'Influence Without Responsibility? Think Tanks in Britain', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 52, No. 1 (1999), pp. 46 57.
- Doig, A., 'The Resignation of Edwina Currie: A Word Too Far', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 42, No. 3 (1989), pp. 317 329.

- Dowding, K. and W. Kang, 'Ministerial Resignations 1945-97', *Public Administration*, Vol. 47 (1994), pp. 669 686.
- Foster, C. D., 'Ministerial Overload and Effective Government', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 52, No. 222 (April, 1999), pp. 194 213.
- Headey, B., British Cabinet Ministers: The Roles of Politicians in Executive Office (London, George Allen and Unwin, 1974).
- Hennessy, P., Cabinet (Oxford, Basil Blackwell, 1986).
- Hennessy, P., 'The Blair Style of Government', *Government and Opposition*, Vol. 33, No. 1 (1998).
- Hogg, S. and J. Hill, Too Close to Call: Power and Politics John Major in No. 10 (1995).
- James, S., British Cabinet Government, 2nd edn. (London, Routledge, 1999).
- James, S., 'The Idea Brokers: The Impact of Think Tanks on British Government', *Public Administration*, Vol. 71 (1993), pp. 491 506.
- James, S., 'The Cabinet System since 1945: Fragmentation and Integration', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 47 (1994), pp. 613 629.
- Judge, D., The Parliamentary State (London, Sage, 1993).
- Kavanagh, D. and A. Seldon, *The Powers behind the Prime Minister: The Hidden Influence of No. 10* (London, Harper Collins, 1999).
- Lee, J. M., G. W. Jones and J. Burnham, *At the Centre of Whitehall: Advising the Prime Minister and Cabinet* (Houndmills, Macmillan, 1998).
- Lawson, N., 'Cabinet Government in the Thatcher Years', *Contemporary Record* 8 (1994), pp. 440 447.
- Marsh, D. and R. A. W. Rhodes, *Policy Networks in British Government*, (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1992).
- Marshall, G., 'Cabinet Government and the Westland Affair', *Public Law*, Vol. 184 (1986).
- Marshall, G. (ed.), *Ministerial Responsibility* (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1989).
- Marshall, G., 'The Evolving Practice of Parliamentary Accountability: Writing Down the Rules', *Parliamentary Affairs*, Vol. 44 (1991), pp. 460 469.
- Rhodes, R., 'The Hollowing Out of the State: The Changing Nature of the Public Service in Britain', *Political Quarterly*, Vol. 65 (1994), pp. 138 151.
- Rhodes, R. and P. Dunleavy, *Prime Minister, Cabinet and Core Executive* (New York, St. Martin's Press, 1995).
- Seldon, A. (ed.), *The Blair Effect: The Blair Government 1997 2001* (London, Little, Brown, 2001).
- Shell, D. and R. Hodder-Williams (eds.), *Churchill to Major: The British Prime Ministership since 1945* (London, Hurst and Company, 1995).
- Smith, M. J., *The Core Executive in Britain* (Houndmills, Basingstoke and London, Macmillan, 1999).
- Theakston, K., Junior Ministers in British Government (Blackwell, Oxford, 1987).
- Zifcak, S., New Managerialism. Administrative Reform in Whitehall and Canberra (Buckingham, Open University Press, 1994).
- Watkins, A., *The Road to Number 10: From Bonar Law to Tony Blair*, (London, Duckworth, 1998).
- Woodhouse, D., *Ministers and Parliamentary Accountability in Theory and Practice* (Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1994).

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- Alley, R. 'The Powers of the Prime Minister', in H. Gold (ed.), *New Zealand Politics in Perspective*, 2nd edn. (Auckland, Longman Paul, 1989), pp. 103 122.
- Barker, F. and E. McLeay, 'How Much Change? An Analysis of the Initial Impact of Proportional Representation on the New Zealand Parliamentary Party System', *Party Politics*, Vol. 6, No. 2 (2000), pp. 131 154.
- Boston, J., 'The Cabinet and Policy Making under the Fourth Labour Government', in M. Holland and J. Boston (eds.), *The Fourth Labour Government: Politics and Policy in New Zealand* (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 1990), pp. 62 83.
- Boston, J., 'Forming a Government', in R. Miller (ed.), *New Zealand Government and Politics*, 4th edn., (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 2006), pp. 236 256.
- Boston, J., S. Levine, E. McLeay, and N. S. Roberts, *New Zealand Under MMP: A New Politics?* (Auckland, Auckland University Press and Bridget Williams Books, 1996).
- Boston, J. S. Levine, E. McLeay and N. S. Roberts, *Electoral and Constitutional Change in New Zealand: An MMP Source Book* (Palmerston North, Dunmore Press, 1999), pp. 300 365.
- Boston, J., J. Martin, J. Pallot, and P. Walsh, *Reshaping the State: New Zealand's Bureaucratic Revolution* (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 1991).
- Boston, J., J. Martin, J. Pallot, and P. Walsh, *Public Management: The Zealand Model* (Auckland, Auckland University Press, 1996).
- Boston, J. and A. Ladley, 'The Art and Craft of Coalition Management', *New Zealand Journal of Public and International Law*, Vol. 4 (2006), pp. 55 90.
- Cabinet Office, Cabinet Office Manual (Wellington, 2001).
- Chapman, R. 'A Political Culture under Pressure: The Struggle to Preserve a Progressive Tax Base for Welfare and the Positive State', *Political Science* Vol. 44, 1992, pp. 1 27.
- Eichbaum, Chris and Richard Shaw, 'Why We Should all be Nicer to Ministerial Advisers', *Policy Quarterly*, Vol. 1 (2005), pp. 18 – 25. At: http://ips.ac.nz/publications/publications/show/172
- Gill, O., 'Factors in the Institutional Design of the New Zealand Cabinet', *Public Sector*, Vol. 23 (Dec. 2000), pp. 24 27.
- Goldfinch, S. and B. Roper, 'Treasury's Role in State Policy Formulation During the Post-War Era', in B. Roper and C. Rudd (eds.), *State and Economy in New Zealand* (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 1993), pp. 50 74.
- Gregory, R., 'A New Zealand Tragedy', Governance, Vol. 11 (1998), pp. 231 240.
- Gregory, R., 'Political Responsibility for Bureaucratic Incompetence: Tragedy at Cave Creek', *Public Administration*, Vol. 76, (1998), pp. 519 538.
- Hayward, M., 'Prime Minister: Power', in R. Miller (ed.), *New Zealand Government and Politics*, 4th edn., (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 2006), pp. 225 235.
- Henderson, J., 'Labour's Modern Prime Ministers and the Party: A Study of Contrasting Political Styles', in M. Clark (ed.), *The Labour Party after 75 Years*, Occasional Publication No. 4 (Department of Politics, Victoria University of Wellington, 1992), pp. 98 117.

- James, C., *The Tie that Binds. The Relationship Between Ministers and Chief Executives* (Wellington, Institute of Policy Studies and Centre for Public Law, Victoria University of Wellington).
- James, C., *Under New Sail: MMP and Public Servants* (Wellington, Institute of Policy Studies, 1997).
- Joseph, P. A., Constitutional and Administrative Law in New Zealand (Sydney, The Law Book Co., 1993).
- Legal Research Foundation, *The Official Information Act* (Wellington, February 1997).
- Martin, J., *Public Service and the Public Servant* (Wellington, State Services Commission, 1991).
- McLeay, E. 'Buckle, Board, Team or Network? Understanding Cabinet', *New Zealand Journal of Public and International Law*, Vol. 4 (2006), pp. 37 54.
- McLeay, E., *The Cabinet and Political Power in New Zealand* (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 1995).
- McLeay, E., 'Cabinet', in R. Miller (ed.), *New Zealand Government and Politics*, 4th edn., (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 2006), pp. 199 216.
- McLeay, E., 'What is the Constitutional Status of the New Zealand Cabinet Office Manual?', *Public Law Review*, Vol. 10, (1999), pp. 11 16.
- Mulgan, R., 'The Changing Electoral Mandate', in M. Holland and J. Boston (eds.), *The Fourth Labour Government* (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1990), pp. 11 21.
- Mulgan, R., 'The Elective Dictatorship in New Zealand', in H. Gold (ed.), *New Zealand Politics in Perspective*, 3rd edn., (Auckland, Longman Paul, 1992), pp. 513 532.
- Palmer, G., 'The Cabinet, the Prime Minister and the Constitution: The Constitutional Background to Cabinet', New Zealand Journal of Public and International Law, Vol. 4 (2006), pp. 1-36.
- Palmer, G., *Unbridled Power: An Interpretation of New Zealand's Constitution and Government*, 2nd edn. (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 1987).
- Palmer, G., New Zealand's Constitution in Crisis: Reforming our Political System (Dunedin, John McIndoe, 1992).
- Palmer, G. and M. Palmer, *Bridled Power: New Zealand Government under MMP* (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 1997).
- Palmer, M., 'Towards an Economics of Comparative Political Organization: Examining Ministerial Responsibility', *Journal of Law, Economics and Organization*, Vol. 11 (1995), pp. 164 186.
- Richards, L., 'Fortress Cabinet', NZ Political Review, Autumn 2002, pp. 24 36.
- Roberts, J., *Politicians, Public Servants and Public Enterprise: Restructuring the New Zealand Government Executive* (Wellington, Victoria University for the Institute of Policy Studies, 1987).
- Shaw, R., 'Consultants and Advisers' in R. Miller (ed.), *New Zealand Government and Politics*, 4th edn., (Auckland, Oxford University Press, 2006), pp. 257 273.
- Schick, A., *The Spirit of Reform: Managing the New Zealand State Sector in a Time of Change* (State Services Commission, 1996). (See the reviews in *Public Sector* [March 1997]).
- State Services Commission, Working Under Proportional Representation: A Reference for the Public Service (Wellington, 1995).
- White, Nicola, 'Deconstructing Cabinet Collective Responsibility', *Policy Quarterly*, Vol. 1, No. 4 (2005), pp. 4 11 at: http://ips.ac.nz/publications/publications/show/172

AUSTRALIA

- Blewett, N., A Cabinet Diary: A Personal Record of the First Keating Government, (Wakefield Press, Adelaide, 1999).
- Davis, G., 'Executive Government: Cabinet and the Prime Minister', in J. Summers, D. Woodward, and A. Parkin (eds.), *Government, Politics, Power and Policy in Australia*, 7th edn., (Longman, NSW, 2002).
- Department of Prime Minister and Cabinet, *Cabinet Handbook*, 5th edn., (DPMC, Canberra, amended November 2002).
- Weller, P., Malcolm Fraser PM: A Study in Prime Ministerial Power in Australia, (Penguin, Melbourne, 1989).
- Weller, P., 'Prime Ministers and Cabinet', in P. Weller (ed.), *Menzies to Keating: The Development of the Australian Prime Minister*, (University of Melbourne Press, Melbourne, 1992).

Assessment Requirements

Assessment objectives:

- to write an essay involving the tasks of essay design, gathering material on specialised topics, analysing the material, and presenting arguments in literate and structured form;
- to contribute to the design and development of a wiki, testing your ability to contribute effectively in a group context, and to prepare/present material in an accessible, interesting and lively manner; and
- to write examination answers, testing your overall grasp of the content of the course and your ability to structure ideas quickly and to answer questions in brief, relevant essays.

The assessment for this course comprises:

Assessment Requirements						
Assignment	Type	Indicative length	Due Date	Percentage of Overall Mark		
Essay	Written	2,500 words	Monday 21 March	25 percent		
Wiki proposal	Written	500 words (max)	Monday 2 May	MCR		
Wiki	Online	3,000 words	Monday 23 May	25 percent		
Final Examination	Written	Three hours	TBA*	50 percent		

If you have difficulties meeting the course requirements because of personal problems you should see Chris Eichbaum as soon as possible (and on every occasion, <u>before</u> the due date for the submission of a piece of work). Late essays will be accepted only when a medical certificate (or other appropriate documentation) is provided. Essays that are submitted late for no acceptable reason may be penalized.

Arrangements for the submission of essays will be confirmed in class. Subject to confirmation essays will need to be submitted in electronic form using Blackboard. Students should keep a secure copy of all assignments (i.e. hard copy and e-file). Please complete the School of Government Coversheet (available on Blackboard) when you submit your essay.

Your assessed work may also be used for quality assurance purposes, such as to assess the level of achievement of learning objectives as required for accreditation and audit purposes. The findings may be used to inform changes aimed at improving the quality of FCA programmes. All material used for such processes will be treated as confidential, and the outcome will not affect your grade for the course.

Examinations

Students who enrol in courses with examinations are obliged to attend an examination at the University at any time during the formal examination period.

The final examination for this course will be scheduled at some time during the period from Monday 13 June to Saturday 2 July 2011 (inclusive)

Penalties

- Extensions beyond the due dates for essays will be granted only to those who meet the University's aegrotat rules, i.e. a medical certificate, personal bereavement or critical personal circumstances beyond your control. If you are encountering difficulties of any kind let Chris Eichbaum know immediately.
- NB that requests for extensions must be received <u>before</u> the due date of an assignment
- Late essays must be handed in at School of Government reception (8th floor Rutherford House) during the office hours listed above.
- Essays not handed in by the due date or by the date of an agreed extension may have their mark out of 100 reduced by 5 percentage points for each day the essay was late.
- Essays handed in more than 5 days late after due date or after the date of an extension may not be accepted.

Mandatory Course Requirements

- Submission of the essay assignment;
- Submission of a group proposal for the wiki, and a completed wiki on or before the due dates;
- Attendance at no fewer than eight of the Monday classes; and
- Writing the final examination paper.

Students who fail to satisfy the mandatory requirements for passing this course, other than the requirement to obtain a C grade overall, will not receive a graded result, and their records will show a "K" (fail due to not satisfying mandatory course requirements, even though the student's course requirements reached the level specified for a pass).

Class Representative

A class representative will be elected in the first class, and that person's name and contact details will be available to VUWSA, the course coordinator, and the class. The class representative provides a communication channel to liaise with the course coordinator on behalf of the students.

Communication of Additional Information

Any additional information about the course will be posted on Blackboard. Please ensure that you check Blackboard on a regular basis for notices and to access lecture notes and additional course information.

Academic Integrity, Plagiarism, and the use of Turnitin

Plagiarism is presenting someone else's work as if it were your own, whether you mean to or not.

'Someone else's work' means anything that is not your own idea. Even if it is presented in your own style, you must still acknowledge your sources fully and appropriately. This includes:

- material from books, journals or any other printed source
- the work of other students or staff
- information from the Internet
- software programs and other electronic material
- designs and ideas
- the organisation or structuring of any such material.

Acknowledgement is required for *all* material in any work submitted for assessment unless it is a 'fact' that is well-known in the context (such as "Wellington is the capital of New Zealand") or your own ideas in your own words. Everything else that derives from one of the sources above and ends up in your work – whether it is directly quoted, paraphrased, or put into a table or figure, needs to be acknowledged with a reference that is sufficient for your reader to locate the original source.

Plagiarism undermines academic integrity simply because it is a form of lying, stealing and mistreating others. Plagiarism involves stealing other people's intellectual property and lying about whose work it is. This is why plagiarism is prohibited at Victoria.

If you are found guilty of plagiarism, you may be penalised under the Statute on Student Conduct. You should be aware of your obligations under the Statute, which can be downloaded from the policy website (www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about/policy/students.aspx). You could fail your course or even be suspended from the University.

Plagiarism is easy to detect. The University has systems in place to identify it.

Student work provided for assessment in this course may be checked for academic integrity by the electronic search engine http://www.turnitin.com. Turnitin is an on-line plagiarism prevention tool which compares submitted work with a very large database of existing material. At the discretion of the Head of School, handwritten work may be copy-typed by the School and subject to checking by Turnitin. Turnitin will retain a copy of submitted materials on behalf of the University for detection of future plagiarism, but access to the full text of submissions will not be made available to any other party.

There is guidance available to students on how to avoid plagiarism by way of sound study skills and the proper and consistent use of a recognised referencing system. This guidance may be found at the following website http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/plagiarism.aspx

If in doubt seek the advice of your course coordinator.

Plagiarism is simply not worth the risk.

For the following important information follow the links provided:

Academic Integrity and Plagiarism

http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/plagiarism.aspx

General University Policies and Statutes

Find key dates, explanations of grades and other useful information at www.victoria.ax.nz/home/study

Find out about academic progress and restricted enrolment at www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/academic-progress

The University's statutes and policies are available at www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about/policy except qualification statutes, which are available via the Calendar webpage at www.victoria.ac.nz/home/study/calendar (See Section C)

Further information about the University's academic processes can be found on the website of the Assistant Vice Chancellor (Academic) at www.victoria.ac/nz/home/about_victoria/avcademic/default.aspx

AVC (Academic) Website: information including: Conduct, Academic Grievances, Students with Impairments, Student Support

http://www.victoria.ac.nz/home/about_victoria/avcacademic/Publications.aspx

Faculty of Commerce and Administration Offices

http://www.victoria.ac.nz/fca/studenthelp/

Manaaki Pihipihinga Programme

http://www.victoria.ac.nz/st_services/mentoring/